

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

|   | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Independent Auditor's Report  | 1           |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)   | 3           |
| Financial Statements:   |             |
| Statement of Net Position   | 17          |
| Statement of Activities   | 18          |
| Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds  | 19          |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position   | 20          |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds   | 21          |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities  | 22          |
| Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds   | 23          |
| Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds  | 24          |
| Notes to Financial Statements   | 25          |
| Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A:   |             |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and<br>Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund  | 56          |
| Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)   | 58          |
| Schedule of District Pension Contributions  | 59          |
| Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios   | 60          |
| Other Supplementary Information:  |             |
| Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit – General Fund  | 61          |
| Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources – Capital Projects Fund  | 62          |
| Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets  | 63          |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> | 64          |



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Freeport Union Free School District Freeport, New York

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Freeport Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Freeport Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability), schedule of District pension contributions and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 3 through 16 and 56 through 60, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Freeport Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 61 through 63 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department. The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2020 on our consideration of the Freeport Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Freeport Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Freeport Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

September 30, 2020

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Freeport Union Free School District's discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 in comparison with the year ended June 30, 2019, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

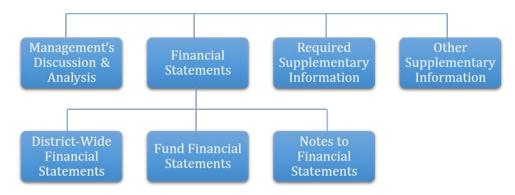
Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- Based on a consistently strong and stable profile, low direct debt and highly rated fiscal management, the
  District continues to enjoy a bond rating of AA. This puts the District among the top few districts rated by
  Standard & Poor's.
- The District received the highest fiscal stress monitoring rating of "No Designation" with a fiscal score of 0.0 (best rating) on the last available report from the New York State Comptroller's Office.
- The District's per-pupil spending is one of the lowest in Nassau County when compared to other K-12 school districts; the District's per-pupil tax levy is the third lowest among all Nassau County school districts.
- The community demonstrated its continuing support by approving the 2020-2021 school budget tax levy increase after five consecutive years of tax levy decreases.
- The District's total net position, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, decreased by \$9,279,587. This was due to an excess of expenses over revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, totaled \$195,382,996. Of this amount, \$11,841,487 was offset by program charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants. General revenues of \$174,261,922 amount to 93.6% of total revenues.
- The District received \$7,090,771 in operating grants to support instructional programs.
- The general fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements, increased by \$6,657,548. This was due to an excess of revenues over expenditures using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- On September 4, 2019, the District entered into an energy performance contract in the amount of \$6,283,913 to fund improvements to the District's facilities. As of June 30, 2020, the District expended \$3,810,357 related to these capital projects.
- On June 16, 2020, the District's residents voted and authorized the District to expend \$2,500,000 from the capital reserve established on May 16, 2017 for the purpose of district-wide facilities improvements.
- The 2020-2021 budget carried a 2.92 % increase in the tax levy, which has allowed for the District to maintain current programs and services during the global pandemic.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



# A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

# The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

# The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Revenues are recognized in the period when they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# **B. Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

# **Governmental Funds**

These statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period when they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period when the District incurs the liability, except for certain expenditures such as debt service on general long-term indebtedness, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent the related liabilities mature each period.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds: general fund, special aid fund, school food service fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee and utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

# A. Net Position

The District's total net position decreased by \$9,279,587 between fiscal year 2020 and 2019. The decrease is due to expenses in excess of revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position follows:

|                                  | 2020            | 2019            | Increase<br>(Decrease) | Percentage<br>Change |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Asset                            |                 |                 |                        |                      |
| Current and Other Assets         | \$ 100,571,798  | \$ 86,299,940   | \$ 14,271,858          | 16.54 %              |
| Capital Assets, Net              | 94,180,905      | 86,825,604      | 7,355,301              | 8.47 %               |
| Net Pension Asset -              |                 |                 |                        |                      |
| Proportionate Share              | 10,978,171      | 7,765,371       | 3,212,800              | 41.37 %              |
| Total Assets                     | 205,730,874     | 180,890,915     | 24,839,959             | 13.73 %              |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources   | 80,912,532      | 49,721,931      | 31,190,601             | 62.73 %              |
| Liabilities                      |                 |                 |                        |                      |
| Current and Other Liabilities    | 19,882,541      | 14,099,789      | 5,782,752              | 41.01 %              |
| Long-Term Liabilities            | 38,435,447      | 35,707,318      | 2,728,129              | 7.64 %               |
| Net Pension Liability -          |                 |                 |                        |                      |
| Proportionate Share              | 9,295,402       | 2,437,246       | 6,858,156              | 281.39 %             |
| Total OPEB Liability             | 237,012,863     | 186,940,273     | 50,072,590             | 26.79 %              |
| Total Liabilities                | 304,626,253     | 239,184,626     | 65,441,627             | 27.36 %              |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources    | 41,167,645      | 41,299,125      | (131,480)              | (0.32)%              |
| Net Position (Deficit)           |                 |                 |                        |                      |
| Net investment in capital assets | 74,916,076      | 67,995,177      | 6,920,899              | 10.18 %              |
| Restricted                       | 50,032,468      | 48,449,466      | 1,583,002              | 3.27 %               |
| Unrestricted (Deficit)           | (184,099,036)   | (166,315,548)   | (17,783,488)           | (10.69)%             |
| Total Net Position (Deficit)     | \$ (59,150,492) | \$ (49,870,905) | \$ (9,279,587)         | (18.61)%             |

The increase in current and other assets is primarily related to an increase in the District's cash position and prepaids, offset by the decrease in amounts due from state and federal.

The increase in capital assets, net is primarily due to capital asset additions in excess of depreciation expense. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 11 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Net pension asset – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System's collective net pension asset, at the measurement date of the respective year. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 13 "Pension Plans – New York State" provides additional information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments of the pension and OPEB plans that will be amortized in future years, and the amount of deferred charges from the bond refunding that is being amortized over the remaining term of the bonds.

The increase in current and other liabilities is primarily the result of increases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, offset by a decrease in the District's liability to the teachers' retirement system, due to a decrease in the contribution rate in the current year.

The increase in long-term liabilities is primarily the result of the issuance of energy performance contract indebtedness and an increase in the workers' compensation liability. These increases were offset by decreases attributed to the repayment of the current maturity of the bond and energy performance contract debt, net of current year amortization of deferred charges on advance refunding bonds issued in prior years, and a decrease in the compensated absences liability. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 12 "Long-Term Liabilities" provides additional information.

Net pension liability – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's collective net pension liability, at the measurement date of the respective year. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 13 "Pension Plans – New York State" provides additional information.

Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability increased, based on the actuarial valuation of the plan. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 15 "Postemployment Healthcare Benefits", provides additional information.

Deferred inflows of resources represents actuarial adjustments of the pension and OPEB plans that will be amortized in future years.

The net investment in capital assets is the investment in capital assets at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and related outstanding debt. The accompanying Other Supplementary Information, Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets provides additional information.

The restricted amount relates to the District's reserves. This number increased over the prior year principally due to additional funding of reserves and interest allocated to the reserves, offset by the spending of restricted funds for ongoing capital projects.

The unrestricted deficit amount relates to the balance of the District's net position. This balance does not include the District's reserves, which are classified as restricted. Additionally, certain unfunded liabilities will have the effect of reducing the District's unrestricted net position. One such unfunded liability is the total OPEB liability. In accordance with state guidelines, the District is only permitted to fund OPEB on a "pay as you go" basis, and is not permitted to accumulate funds for the OPEB liability.

# **B.** Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

|                         | 2020           | 2019         | Increase<br>(Decrease) | Percentage<br>Change |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues                |                |              |                        |                      |
| Program Revenues        |                |              |                        |                      |
| Charges for Services    | \$ 742,381     | \$ 842,869   | \$ (100,488)           | (11.92)%             |
| Operating Grants        | 10,189,191     | 9,879,663    | 309,528                | 3.13 %               |
| Capital Grants          | 909,915        | 2,527,174    | (1,617,259)            | (63.99)%             |
| General Revenues        |                |              | ,                      |                      |
| Property Taxes and STAR | 88,583,257     | 86,997,007   | 1,586,250              | 1.82 %               |
| State Sources           | 82,766,132     | 80,599,771   | 2,166,361              | 2.69 %               |
| Other                   | 2,912,533      | 3,978,137    | (1,065,604)            | (26.79)%             |
| Total Revenues          | 186,103,409    | 184,824,621  | 1,278,788              | 0.69 %               |
| Expenses                |                |              |                        |                      |
| General Support         | 22,127,239     | 19,646,309   | 2,480,930              | 12.63 %              |
| Instruction             | 162,573,205    | 150,223,853  | 12,349,352             | 8.22 %               |
| Pupil Transportation    | 6,125,540      | 8,545,430    | (2,419,890)            | (28.32)%             |
| Debt Service - Interest | 632,100        | 575,389      | 56,711                 | 9.86 %               |
| Food Service Program    | 3,924,912      | 4,124,463    | (199,551)              | (4.84)%              |
| Total Expenses          | 195,382,996    | 183,115,444  | 12,267,552             | 6.70 %               |
| Change in Net Position  | \$ (9,279,587) | \$ 1,709,177 | \$ (10,988,764)        | (642.93)%            |

The District's net position decreased by \$9,279,587 for the year ended June 30, 2020, compared to an increase of \$1,709,177 in the prior year.

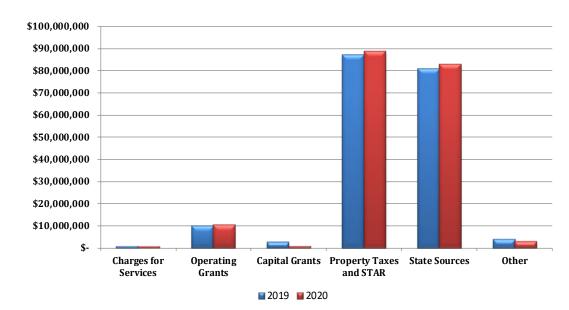
The District's revenues increased by \$1,278,788 or 0.69%. The major factors that contributed to the increase were unanticipated restored property taxes and state aid. These increases were offset by decreases in capital grants and other general revenues.

The District's total expenses for the year increased by \$12,267,552 or 6.70%. The increase in expenses is primarily due to increases in general support and instruction. The primary reason for the increase in general support and instruction is due to the impact of the net change in the actuarially determined pension expenses for TRS and ERS, as well as the increase in other postemployment benefits costs allocated. Pupil transportation expenses decreased due to the impact of COVID-19 and the implementation of virtual learning.

As indicated on the graphs that follow, real property taxes and STAR is the largest component of revenues recognized (i.e., 47.6% and 47.1% of the total for the years 2020 and 2019, respectively). Instruction expenses is the largest category of expenses incurred (i.e., 83.3% and 82.0% of the total for the years 2020 and 2019, respectively).

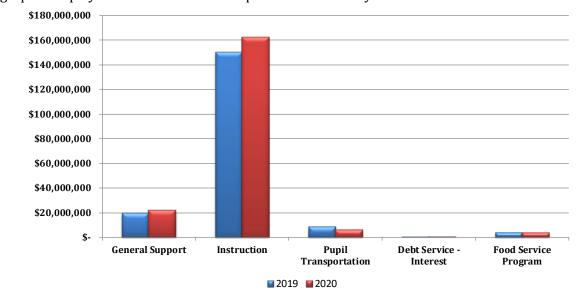
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



|      | Charges for<br>Services | Operating<br>Grants | Capital Grants | Property Taxes and STAR | State Sources | Other |
|------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------|
| 2019 | 0.5%                    | 5.3%                | 1.4%           | 47.1%                   | 43.6%         | 2.1%  |
| 2020 | 0.4%                    | 5.5%                | 0.5%           | 47.6%                   | 44.5%         | 1.5%  |

A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



|      | General Support Instruction |       | Pupil<br>Transportation | Debt Service -<br>Interest | Food Service<br>Program |  |
|------|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 2019 | 10.7%                       | 82.0% | 4.7%                    | 0.3%                       | 2.3%                    |  |
| 2020 | 11.3%                       | 83.3% | 3.1%                    | 0.3%                       | 2.0%                    |  |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$79,965,381, which is an increase of \$8,711,218 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the change in the components of fund balance by fund is as follows:

|                                       | 2020 2019     |               | Increase<br>(Decrease) |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|
| General Fund                          |               |               |                        |
| Nonspendable: Prepaids                | \$ 1,688,436  | \$            | \$ 1,688,436           |
| Restricted                            |               |               |                        |
| Workers' compensation                 | 7,813,452     | 7,794,145     | 19,307                 |
| Unemployment insurance                | 1,099,177     | 897,020       | 202,157                |
| Retirement contribution               |               |               |                        |
| Teachers' retirement system           | 2,702,005     | 1,398,000     | 1,304,005              |
| Employees' retirement system          | 12,386,305    | 11,956,625    | 429,680                |
| Employee benefit accrued liability    | 14,371,149    | 14,335,307    | 35,842                 |
| Capital                               | 4,712,202     | 4,680,966     | 31,236                 |
| Assigned:                             |               |               |                        |
| Appropriated fund balance             | 9,500,000     | 9,000,000     | 500,000                |
| Unappropriated fund balance           | 391,188       | 215,065       | 176,123                |
| Unassigned: Fund balance              | 12,948,510    | 10,677,748    | 2,270,762              |
|                                       | 67,612,424    | 60,954,876    | 6,657,548              |
| School Food Service Fund              |               |               |                        |
| Nonspendable: Inventory               | 73,489        | 94,527        | (21,038)               |
| Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance | 640,379       | 726,973       | (86,594)               |
|                                       | 713,868       | 821,500       | (107,632)              |
| Debt Service Fund                     |               |               |                        |
| Restricted: Debt service              | 394,860       | 392,699       | 2,161                  |
| Capital Projects Fund Restricted:     |               |               |                        |
| Capital                               | 6,553,318     | 6,994,704     | (441,386)              |
| Unspent bond proceeds                 | 2,870,297     | 396,741       | 2,473,556              |
| Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance | 1,820,614     | 1,693,643     | 126,971                |
| O FF - F                              | 11,244,229    | 9,085,088     | 2,159,141              |
| Total Fund Balance                    | \$ 79,965,381 | \$ 71,254,163 | \$ 8,711,218           |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# A. General Fund

The net change in the general fund fund balance is an increase of \$6,657,548, as revenues and other financing sources of \$174,885,033 exceeded expenditures and other financing uses of \$168,227,485.

The District's general fund revenues and other financing sources increased by \$2,589,351 or 1.50%, as compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to increases in real property taxes, state aid and operating transfers, in offset by decreases in other tax items and sale of property and compensation for loss. The increase in property taxes is due to the receipt of restored taxes, which were not anticipated by the District. The operating transfer in represents the return of unexpended amounts on capital projects originally funded by general fund appropriations.

Expenditures and other financing uses decreased by \$3,513,370 or 2.05% from the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in pupil transportation as a result of the schools closure caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, employee benefits and operating transfers out, offset by increases in general support and instruction.

The following is a summary of the District's general fund restricted fund balance activity:

|                         | Balance @<br>June 30, 2019 | Use of<br>Reserves | Interest      | <br>Funding     | Balance @<br>June 30, 2020 | -  | for<br>ne 30, 2021 |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----|--------------------|
| Workers' compensation   | \$ 7,794,145               | \$                 | \$<br>19,307  | \$              | \$ 7,813,452               | \$ | 1,200,000          |
| Unemployment insurance  | 897,020                    |                    | 2,157         | 200,000         | 1,099,177                  |    | 50,000             |
| Retirement contribution |                            |                    |               |                 |                            |    |                    |
| TRS                     | 1,398,000                  |                    | 4,005         | 1,300,000       | 2,702,005                  |    | 1,350,000          |
| ERS                     | 11,956,625                 |                    | 29,680        | 400,000         | 12,386,305                 |    | 1,900,000          |
| EBALR                   | 14,335,307                 |                    | 35,842        |                 | 14,371,149                 |    |                    |
| Capital                 | 4,680,966                  | (2,500,000)        | 31,236        | 2,500,000       | 4,712,202                  |    |                    |
|                         | \$ 41,062,063              | \$ (2,500,000)     | \$<br>122,227 | \$<br>4,400,000 | \$ 43,084,290              | \$ | 4,500,000          |

Additional detail regarding capital reserves can be found in Note 20 "Restricted for Capital Reserve."

# **B.** School Food Service Fund

The net change in the school food service fund – fund balance resulted in a decrease of \$107,632. This decrease is attributed to less meals being served during the COVID-19 pandemic closures, which lead to a decrease in state and federal reimbursements.

# C. Debt Service Fund

The net change in the debt service fund – fund balance is an increase of \$2,161 from interest earnings.

# D. Capital Projects Fund

The net change in the capital projects fund – fund balance is an increase of \$2,159,141, as voter-authorized transfers, issuance of energy performance indebtedness and state aid from the Smart Schools Bond Act exceeded expenditures incurred on capital projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the District's capital projects fund restricted fund balance activity:

|  | Balance<br>June 30, 2 |         | Use of<br>Reserves       | Funding         | Balance @<br>ne 30, 2020     |
|--|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 2009 Capital Reserve<br>2017 Capital Reserve | \$ 2,037<br>4,956     | •       | (222,681)<br>(2,718,705) | \$<br>2,500,000 | \$<br>1,815,115<br>4,738,203 |
|  | \$ 6,994              | ,704 \$ | (2,941,386)              | \$<br>2,500,000 | \$<br>6,553,318              |

# 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

# A. 2019-2020 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$184,847,632. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$215,065 and budget revision of \$2,500,000 for voter-authorized transfers from the capital reserve for a total final budget of \$187,562,697.

The final budget was funded through a combination of estimated revenues and appropriated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$86,838,240 in estimated property taxes and STAR.

# B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves, appropriations to fund the subsequent year's budget, encumbrances and amounts classified as nonspendable. The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

| Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance              | \$ 10,677,748 |
|---|---------------|
| Revenues Over Budget                          | 2,344,610     |
| Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget    | 18,944,023    |
| Net Change in Nonspendable Fund Balance       | (1,688,436)   |
| Unused Appropriated Reserves                  | (3,307,208)   |
| Allocation to Reserves                        | (4,522,227)   |
| Appropriated to Fund the June 30, 2021 Budget | (9,500,000)   |
| Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance              | \$ 12,948,510 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$10,677,748 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2019 fund balance retained as unassigned.

# Revenues Over Budget

The 2019-2020 budget for revenues was \$172,540,423. Actual revenues recognized for the year were \$174,885,033. The excess of actual revenue over estimated or budgeted revenue was \$2,344,610, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The District received \$1.7 million in restored prior year property taxes from the Town which was unanticipated. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

# **Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget**

The 2019-2020 final budget for expenditures was \$187,562,697. Actual expenditures as of June 30, 2020 were \$168,227,485 and outstanding encumbrances were \$391,188. Combined, the expenditures plus encumbrances for 2019-2020 were \$168,618,673. The final budget variance was \$18,944,023, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

# Net Change in Nonspendable Fund Balance

The District prepaid health insurance premiums at June 30, 2020. The resulting balance sheet asset (prepaids) cannot be spent because it is not in spendable form, meaning it will not be converted to cash. Accordingly, an equal amount of fund balance is classified as nonspendable. The increase of \$1,688,436 in nonspendable fund balance reduces unassigned fund balance.

# <u>Unused Appropriated Reserves</u>

In the 2019-2020 budget, \$3,307,208 of reserves was appropriated to reduce the tax levy. Due to lower than anticipated expenditures, this funding was not needed and remained in the reserves and is available for future use.

# **Allocation to Reserves**

Monies transferred into authorized reserves do not affect the total fund balance unless, and until, these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the unassigned fund balance by the amount of the transfers. The table in §4.A. of this Management's Discussion and Analysis details the allocation of interest earnings and funding transfers to the reserves.

# **Appropriated Fund Balance**

The District has chosen to use \$9,500,000 of the available June 30, 2020 unassigned fund balance to partially fund the 2020-2021 approved operating budget and help reduce the property tax levy. As such, the June 30, 2020 unassigned fund balance must be reduced by this amount.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the previous table, the unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2020 was \$12,948,510. This amount equals 6.88% of the 2020-2021 budget and exceeds the statutory limit established by §1318 of Real Property Tax Law.

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS, DEBT ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

# A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the table below. The net increase in capital assets is due to capital additions of \$10,029,161 in excess of depreciation expense of \$2,673,860 recorded for the year ended June 30, 2020. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

|                            | <br>2020         | <br>2019         | Increase<br>(Decrease) |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Land                       | \$<br>800,000    | \$<br>800,000    | \$<br>-                |
| Construction in progress   | 13,253,314       | 4,184,589        | 9,068,725              |
| Buildings and improvements | 73,354,168       | 75,100,693       | (1,746,525)            |
| Site improvements          | 3,801,658        | 4,061,652        | (259,994)              |
| Furniture and equipment    | <br>2,971,765    | 2,678,670        | 293,095                |
| Capital assets, net        | \$<br>94,180,905 | \$<br>86,825,604 | \$<br>7,355,301        |

# **B.** Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had total bonds payable of \$13,295,000. The bonds were issued for school building improvements and the refunding of bonds originally issued for school building improvements. The District also has two energy performance contracts payable, issued in 2012 and 2019 respectively, which have outstanding payables of \$8,840,126 at year end. The increase in outstanding debt represents the issuance of the 2019 energy performance contract offset by debt principal payments. A summary of the outstanding bonds at June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

| _        | Issue<br>Date                   | Interest<br>Rate             | 2020 |                                     | 2019 |                                      | Increase<br>(Decrease)                      |
|----------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Bonds P  | ayable<br>2012<br>2016<br>2017  | 0.8 - 4.0%<br>5.00%<br>5.00% | \$   | 2,575,000<br>2,220,000<br>8,500,000 | \$   | 2,895,000<br>2,715,000<br>10,360,000 | \$<br>(320,000)<br>(495,000)<br>(1,860,000) |
|          |                                 |                              | \$   | 13,295,000                          | \$   | 15,970,000                           | \$<br>(2,675,000)                           |
| Energy I | Performance Con<br>2012<br>2019 | 1.83%<br>2.52%               | \$   | 2,556,213<br>6,283,913<br>8,840,126 | \$   | 3,257,168<br>3,257,168               | \$<br>(700,955)<br>6,283,913<br>5,582,958   |

The District's latest underlying, long-term credit rating from Standard & Poor's, Inc. is AA. The District's outstanding serial bonds at June 30, 2020 are approximately 6.0% of the District's debt limit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences, workers' compensation liability, net pension liability – proportionate share and total other postemployment benefits liability. The compensated absences liability is based on employment contracts. The workers' compensation liability, the net pension liability – proportionate share and the total other postemployment benefits liability are based on actuarial valuations.

|  | 2020   | 2019   | Increase<br>(Decrease)                            |
|--|--|--|---|
| Compensated absences payable<br>Workers' compensation liabilities<br>Net pension liability - proportionate share<br>Total OPEB liability | \$ 11,809,229<br>3,688,133<br>9,295,402<br>237,012,863 | \$ 11,873,927<br>3,465,000<br>2,437,246<br>186,940,273 | \$ (64,698)<br>223,133<br>6,858,156<br>50,072,590 |
|  | \$ 261,805,627   | \$ 204,716,446   | \$ 57,089,181                                     |

# 7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

# A. Subsequent Year's Budget

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters on June 16, 2020, for the year ending June 30, 2021, is \$188,263,107. This is an increase of \$3,415,475 or 1.85% over the previous year's budget. The increase is principally in the instructional program, pupil transportation and employee benefit areas of the budget.

The District budgeted revenues other than property taxes and STAR at a \$812,994 decrease from the prior year's estimate, which is principally due to an estimated decrease in operating transfers in from the capital projects fund and use of money and property. The assigned, appropriated fund balance applied to the budget in the amount of \$9,500,000 is an increase of \$500,000 over the previous year. Additionally, the District has elected to appropriate \$4,500,000 of reserves towards the next year's budget, an increase of \$1,192,792. A property tax increase of \$2,535,677 (2.92%), levy to levy, was needed to meet the revenue shortfall and cover the increase in appropriations.

# **B.** Future Budgets

The property tax cap and uncertainty in state aid and federal funds, as well as operating adjustments attributed to COVID-19, may impact the District's future budgets.

# C. Tax Cap

New York State law limits the increase in the property tax levy of school districts to the lesser of 2% or the rate of inflation. There are additional statutory adjustments in the law. School districts may override the tax levy limit by presenting to the voters a budget that requires a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit. However, that budget must be approved by 60% of the votes cast. Based on the law, the District's tax levy cap for 2020-2021 is 6.00%. The District's 2020-2021 property tax levy of \$89,373,917 is a 2.92% increase from the 2019-2020 adjusted tax levy and did not require an override vote.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Dr. Kishore Kuncham Superintendent of Schools Freeport Union Free School District 235 N. Ocean Avenue Freeport, New York 11520

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

| ASSETS   |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| Cash<br>Unrestricted   | \$ 25,465,427            |
| Restricted   | 52,902,765               |
| Receivables Accounts receivable  | 431,367                  |
| Taxes receivable   | 5,782,769                |
| Due from fiduciary funds   | 2,708,647                |
| Due from state and federal Due from other governments                            | 7,138,112<br>4,380,786   |
| Inventories  | 73,489                   |
| Prepaids   | 1,688,436                |
| Capital assets:  Not being depreciated   | 14,053,314               |
| Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation                               | 80,127,591               |
| Net pension asset - proportionate share  | 10,978,171               |
| Total Assets   | 205,730,874              |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES   |                          |
| Deferred charges from advance refunding, net                                     | 186,467                  |
| Pensions Other postemployment benefits   | 42,260,307<br>38,465,758 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources   | 80,912,532               |
|  | 00,912,552               |
| LIABILITIES Payables   |                          |
| Accounts payable   | 10,080,103               |
| Accrued liabilities Due to other governments                                     | 1,775,799                |
| Due to teachers' retirement system   | 8,868<br>6,838,166       |
| Due to employees' retirement system  | 454,789                  |
| Compensated absences payable<br>Unearned credits                                 | 709,950                  |
| Collections in advance   | 14,866                   |
| Long-term liabilities  |                          |
| Due and payable within one year<br>Bonds payable, net                            | 3,054,212                |
| Energy performance contract  | 1,003,973                |
| Compensated absences payable   | 500,000                  |
| Due and payable after one year<br>Bonds payable, net                             | 11,043,747               |
| Energy performance contract  | 7,836,153                |
| Compensated absences payable   | 11,309,229               |
| Workers' compensation liabilities<br>Net pension liability - proportionate share | 3,688,133<br>9,295,402   |
| Total other postemployment benefits liability                                    | 237,012,863              |
| Total Liabilities  | 304,626,253              |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  |                          |
| Pensions   | 15,141,270               |
| Other postemployment benefits  | 26,026,375               |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  | 41,167,645               |
| NET POSITION (DEFICIT)   |                          |
| Net investment in capital assets   | 74,916,076               |
| Restricted   | -0404-0                  |
| Workers' compensation Unemployment insurance                                     | 7,813,452<br>1,099,177   |
| Retirement contribution  | 1,077,177                |
| Teachers' retirement system  | 2,702,005                |
| Employees' retirement system Employee benefit accrued liability                  | 12,386,305<br>14,371,149 |
| Capital  | 11,265,520               |
| Debt service   | 394,860                  |
| H 161 6 12   | 50,032,468               |
| Unrestricted (deficit)   | (184,099,036)            |
| Total Net Position (Deficit)   | \$ (59,150,492)          |

Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

|  |   |    |                        | Pro | gram Revenues          | S  |                   | Net (Expense)<br>Revenue and  |
|--|---|----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|----|-------------------|---|
|  | Expenses  |    | narges for<br>Services |     | Operating<br>Grants    |    | Capital<br>Grants | Changes in<br>Net Position  |
| FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest Food service program   | \$ 22,127,239<br>162,573,205<br>6,125,540<br>632,100<br>3,924,912 | \$ | 457,069<br>285,312     | \$  | 7,090,771<br>3,098,420 | \$ | 909,915           | \$ (22,127,239)<br>(154,115,450)<br>(6,125,540)<br>(632,100)<br>(541,180)           |
| Total Functions and Programs   | \$ 195,382,996  | \$ | 742,381                | \$  | 10,189,191             | \$ | 909,915           | (183,541,509)   |
| GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous State sources Medicaid reimbursement |   |    |                        |     |                        |    |                   | 80,256,728<br>9,098,894<br>692,901<br>142,944<br>1,050,639<br>82,766,132<br>253,684 |
| Total General Revenues   |   |    |                        |     |                        |    |                   | 174,261,922   |
| Change in Net Position   |   |    |                        |     |                        |    |                   | (9,279,587)   |
| Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year   |   |    |                        |     |                        |    |                   | (49,870,905)  |
| Total Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year   |   |    |                        |     |                        |    |                   | \$ (59,150,492)   |

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

|   | General  | Special<br>Aid                      | School<br>Food<br>Service             | <br>Debt<br>Service | <br>Capital<br>Projects    | G  | Total<br>overnmental<br>Funds   |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----|---|
| ASSETS  |  |                                     |                                       |                     |                            |    |   |
| Cash<br>Unrestricted<br>Restricted<br>Receivables   | \$<br>23,996,797<br>43,085,852   | \$<br>660,810                       | \$<br>559,101                         | \$<br>393,298       | \$<br>248,719<br>9,423,615 | \$ | 25,465,427<br>52,902,765  |
| Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Due from other funds Due from state and federal Due from other governments Inventories Prepaids                    | 418,535<br>5,782,769<br>11,080,482<br>1,796,898<br>4,380,786<br>1,688,436  | 521,757<br>4,703,728                | 12,832<br>25,000<br>199,182<br>73,489 | 1,562               | 2,500,000<br>438,304       |    | 431,367<br>5,782,769<br>14,128,801<br>7,138,112<br>4,380,786<br>73,489<br>1,688,436 |
| Total Assets  | \$<br>92,230,555   | \$<br>5,886,295                     | \$<br>869,604                         | \$<br>394,860       | \$<br>12,610,638           | \$ | 111,991,952   |
|   | <br>,  | <br>5,000,000                       | <br>207,001                           | <br>371,000         | <br>12,010,000             |    |   |
| <b>LIABILITIES</b> Payables   |  |                                     |                                       |                     |                            |    |   |
| Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system | \$<br>8,932,632<br>1,530,180<br>5,240,541<br>8,868<br>6,838,166<br>454,789 | \$<br>474,270<br>2,440<br>5,409,585 | \$<br>65,474<br>26,488<br>42,289      | \$                  | \$<br>607,727<br>727,739   | \$ | 10,080,103<br>1,559,108<br>11,420,154<br>8,868<br>6,838,166<br>454,789              |
| Compensated absences payable  | 703,331  |                                     | 6,619                                 |                     |                            |    | 709,950   |
| Unearned credits Collections in advance   | <br>   | <br>                                | <br>14,866                            | <br>                | <br>                       |    | 14,866  |
| Total Liabilities   | <br>23,708,507   | <br>5,886,295                       | <br>155,736                           | <br>                | <br>1,335,466              |    | 31,086,004  |
| <b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b><br>Unavailable revenue   | 909,624  | <br>                                |                                       | <br>                | <br>30,943                 |    | 940,567   |
| FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:   |  |                                     |                                       |                     |                            |    |   |
| Inventories Prepaids Restricted:  | 1,688,436  |                                     | 73,489                                |                     |                            |    | 73,489<br>1,688,436   |
| Workers' compensation Unemployment insurance Retirement contribution  | 7,813,452<br>1,099,177   |                                     |                                       |                     |                            |    | 7,813,452<br>1,099,177  |
| Teachers' retirement system<br>Employees' retirement system<br>Employee benefit accrued liability   | 2,702,005<br>12,386,305<br>14,371,149                                      |                                     |                                       |                     |                            |    | 2,702,005<br>12,386,305<br>14,371,149   |
| Capital<br>Debt service<br>Unspent bond proceeds  | 4,712,202  |                                     |                                       | 394,860             | 6,553,318<br>2,870,297     |    | 11,265,520<br>394,860<br>2,870,297  |
| Assigned:<br>Appropriated fund balance<br>Unappropriated fund balance<br>Unassigned: Fund balance   | 9,500,000<br>391,188<br>12,948,510   |                                     | <br>640,379                           |                     | 1,820,614                  |    | 9,500,000<br>2,852,181<br>12,948,510  |
| Total Fund Balances   | <br>67,612,424   | <br>                                | <br>713,868                           | <br>394,860         | <br>11,244,229             |    | 79,965,381  |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances  | \$<br>92,230,555   | \$<br>5,886,295                     | \$<br>869,604                         | \$<br>394,860       | \$<br>12,610,638           | \$ | 111,991,952   |

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

| Total Governmental Fund Balances  |   | \$ 79,965,381   |
|---|---|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  |   |                 |
| The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives. |   |                 |
| Original cost of capital assets<br>Less: Accumulated depreciation   | \$ 148,982,867<br>(54,801,962)  | 94,180,905      |
| Deferred charges on advance refunding of bonds are not reported on the Balance Sheet, but are reflected on the Statement of Net Position and amortized over the life of the related bonds.  |   | 186,467         |
| Proportionate share of long-term asset, liability and deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the state retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.   |   |                 |
| Net pension asset - teachers' retirement system Deferred outflows of resources Net pension liability - employees' retirement system Deferred inflows of resources   | 10,978,171<br>42,260,307<br>(9,295,402)<br>(15,141,270)                 | 28,801,806      |
| Total other postemployment benefits liability and deferred outflows and inflows related to providing benefits in retirement are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.   |   | 77.7            |
| Deferred outflows of resources Total other postemployment benefits liability Deferred inflows of resources  | 38,465,758<br>(237,012,863)<br>(26,026,375)                             | (224,573,480)   |
| Some of the District's revenues will be collected after the year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds, but are not deferred on the Statement of Net Position.   |   | 940,567         |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:  |   |                 |
| Accrued interest on bonds payable Bonds payable Energy performance contract Compensated absences payable Workers' compensation liabilities  | (216,691)<br>(14,097,959)<br>(8,840,126)<br>(11,809,229)<br>(3,688,133) | (38,652,138)    |
| Total Net Position (Deficit)  |   | \$ (59,150,492) |

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

|  | General  | Special<br>Aid                             | School<br>Food<br>Service | Debt<br>Service      | Capital<br>Projects                 | Total<br>Governmental<br>Funds                       |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and | \$ 80,256,728<br>9,098,894<br>457,069<br>690,740     | \$   | \$                        | \$ 2,161             | \$                                  | \$ 80,256,728<br>9,098,894<br>457,069<br>692,901     |
| compensation for loss Miscellaneous Interfund revenue State sources  | 142,944<br>1,050,639<br>51,597<br>81,856,507         | 139,409<br>3,225,560                       | 361<br>74,045             |                      | 1,595,902                           | 142,944<br>1,190,409<br>51,597<br>86,752,014         |
| Medicaid reimbursement<br>Federal sources<br>Sales   | 253,684<br>333,439                                   | 3,725,802                                  | 3,024,375<br>284,951      |                      |                                     | 253,684<br>7,083,616<br>284,951                      |
| Total Revenues   | 174,192,241  | 7,090,771                                  | 3,383,732                 | 2,161                | 1,595,902                           | 186,264,807  |
| EXPENDITURES General support Instruction Pupil transportation Employee benefits Debt service                     | 15,488,319<br>104,154,948<br>5,731,312<br>33,946,019 | 206,947<br>6,169,320<br>291,826<br>909,484 | 683,556                   |                      |                                     | 15,695,266<br>110,324,268<br>6,023,138<br>35,539,059 |
| Principal<br>Interest<br>Food service program<br>Capital outlay  |  |  | 2,832,808                 | 3,375,955<br>769,126 | 9,277,882                           | 3,375,955<br>769,126<br>2,832,808<br>9,277,882       |
| Total Expenditures   | 159,320,598  | 7,577,577                                  | 3,516,364                 | 4,145,081            | 9,277,882                           | 183,837,502  |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues<br>Over Expenditures   | 14,871,643   | (486,806)                                  | (132,632)                 | (4,142,920)          | (7,681,980)                         | 2,427,305  |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (US) Proceeds of debt Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)               | 692,792<br>(8,906,887)                               | 486,806                                    | 25,000                    | 4,145,081            | 6,283,913<br>4,250,000<br>(692,792) | 6,283,913<br>9,599,679<br>(9,599,679)                |
| Total Other Financing<br>Sources and (Uses)  | (8,214,095)  | 486,806                                    | 25,000                    | 4,145,081            | 9,841,121                           | 6,283,913  |
| Net Change in Fund Balances  | 6,657,548  | -  | (107,632)                 | 2,161                | 2,159,141                           | 8,711,218  |
| Fund Balances -<br>Beginning of Year   | 60,954,876   |  | 821,500                   | 392,699              | 9,085,088                           | 71,254,163   |
| End of Year  | \$ 67,612,424  | \$ -                                       | \$ 713,868                | \$ 394,860           | \$ 11,244,229                       | \$ 79,965,381  |

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

| Net Change in Fund Balances   |                            | \$ 8,711,218   |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  |                            |                |
| Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences   |                            |                |
| In the Statement of Activities, certain operating revenues are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, revenue for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources provided (essentially, the amounts actually received).   | \$ (109,801)               |                |
| Certain expenditures in the governmental funds requiring the use of current financial resources (amounts paid) may exceed the amounts incurred during the year, resulting in a reduction of the long-term liability and an increase in the net position.  |                            |                |
| Decrease in compensated absences  | 64,698                     |                |
| Certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are expensed in the Statement of Activities.   |                            |                |
| Increase in workers' compensation claims liability  | (223,133)                  | (268,236)      |
| Capital Related Differences   |                            |                |
| Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.   |                            |                |
| Capital outlays and other additions Depreciation expense  | 10,029,161<br>(2,673,860)  | 7.255.201      |
| Long-Term Debt Transactions Differences   |                            | 7,355,301      |
| Proceeds from the issuance of energy performance contracts are other financing sources in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities.  | (6,283,913)                |                |
| The amortization of the deferred premium, net of the amortization of the deferred charges on the advance refunding of bonds, decreases interest expense in the Statement of Activities.   | 249,337                    |                |
| Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.   |                            |                |
| Repayment of bond principal<br>Repayment of energy performance contracts  | 2,675,000<br>700,955       |                |
| Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest increased from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. | (112,311)                  |                |
|   |                            | (2,770,932)    |
| Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences   |                            |                |
| The change in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans and the change in other postemployment benefits expense reported in the Statement of Activities did not affect current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  |                            |                |
| Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system  | (7,374,897)<br>(1,785,154) |                |
| Other postemployment benefits   | (13,146,887)               | (22,306,938)   |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities   |                            | \$ (9,279,587) |

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

|   | Agency   | Private<br>Purpose<br>Trust |
|---|--|-----------------------------|
| ASSETS Cash Unrestricted Restricted   | \$ 3,206,720                                       | \$<br>273,101               |
| Total Assets  | \$ 3,206,720                                       | 273,101                     |
| LIABILITIES Extraclassroom activity balances Due to governmental funds Other liabilities  Total Liabilities | \$ 106,919<br>2,708,647<br>391,154<br>\$ 3,206,720 |                             |
| NET POSITION Restricted for scholarships  |  | \$ 273,101                  |

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

|  | Private<br>Purpose<br>Trust |
|--|-----------------------------|
| ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings Interest | \$ 28,129<br>405            |
| Total Additions                                      | 28,534                      |
| <b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Scholarships and awards            | 46,474                      |
| Change in Net Position                               | (17,940)                    |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year                     | 291,041                     |
| Net Position - End of Year                           | \$ 273,101                  |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Freeport Union Free School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

# A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following entity is included in the District's financial statements:

# **Extraclassroom Activity Funds**

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The District reports these assets held by it as agent for the extraclassroom organizations in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's Business Office.

# **B.** Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Nassau (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# C. Basis of Presentation

# **District-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The District's financial statements present the following fund types:

**Governmental Funds** - are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Aid Fund** - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

*School Food Service Fund* - is used to account for the activities of the food service program.

**Debt Service Fund** - accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt.

*Capital Projects Fund* – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, renovation or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**Fiduciary Funds** – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used to finance District operations. The following are the District's fiduciary funds:

**Agency Funds** - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

**Private Purpose Trust Funds** - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

# D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus describes what type of information is reported, and is either the economic resources measurement focus or the current financial resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus reports all assets, liabilities and deferred resources related to a given activity, as well as transactions of the period that affect net position. For example, all assets, whether financial (e.g., cash and receivables) or capital (e.g., property and equipment) and liabilities (including long-term debt and obligations) are reported. The current financial resources measurement focus reports more narrowly on assets, liabilities and deferred resources that are relevant to near-term liquidity, along with net changes resulting from transactions of the period. Consequently, capital assets and the unmatured portion of long-term debt and certain other liabilities the District would not expect to liquidate currently with expendable available financial resources (e.g., compensated absences for employees still in active service) would not be reported.

Basis of accounting describes when changes are recognized, and is either the accrual basis of accounting or the modified accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes in net position when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes only at the point they affect near-term liquidity.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

# E. Real Property Taxes

# <u>Calendar</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than August and become a lien on October  $1^{st}$  and April  $1^{st}$ . Taxes are collected by the Town of Hempstead and remitted to the District from November to June.

The District also levies the real property taxes for the Freeport Memorial Library (Library), which are collected by the town and included in the amount remitted to the District. The District remits the Library's share of the tax levy to the Library in eleven installments. These pass-through amounts are not included in the District's real property tax revenues.

# **Enforcement**

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Nassau County in June.

# F. Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)

The District reports PILOT revenues in the general fund as part of other tax items revenues. These PILOT revenues are often the result of tax abatements granted by industrial development agencies of the Town and/or the County to help promote local economic development. Property owners make PILOT payments to the government agencies, which in turn remit the collected payments to the District.

PILOT payments collected on behalf of the Library are remitted to the Library. These pass-through amounts are not included in the District's other tax items revenues.

The District's PILOT revenues also include payments from the Long Island Power Authority (LIPA) remitted by Nassau County. Beginning in the 2015-16 fiscal year, the Nassau County Legislature removed properties owned by LIPA from the assessment and tax rolls and, instead, allowed LIPA to make payments in lieu of taxes with annual increases of no more than 2% in response to the New York State Public Authorities Law §1020-q (the "LIPA Reform Act") enacted by the state in 2013. These LIPA PILOT payments are not the result of tax abatement agreements as defined by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, under which an entity receiving a reduction in tax revenues promises to take specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or residents of the governments. The District received \$470,954 in LIPA PILOT revenue during the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

# **G.** Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# H. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

# I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including compensated absences, pension costs, other postemployment benefits, workers' compensation liabilities, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of capital assets.

# J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

# K. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectibles has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

# L. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory of food in the school food service fund is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. Inventory is accounted for on the consumption method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as assets on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet using the consumption method. Prepaids in the financial statements are for prepayment of the District's July 2020 insurance premiums.

Under the consumption method, a current asset for the inventory and prepaid item is recorded at the time of receipt and/or purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods are consumed.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventory and prepaids do not constitute available spendable resources.

# M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

|                            | •  | talization<br>reshold | Estimated<br>Useful Life |
|----------------------------|----|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 5.00                       |    | 1.000                 |                          |
| Buildings and improvements | \$ | 1,000                 | 50 years                 |
| Site improvements          |    | 1,000                 | 20-50 years              |
| Furniture and equipment    |    | 500                   | 5-10 years               |

# N. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the unamortized amount of deferred charges from a prior year's refunding of bonds that is being amortized as a component of interest expense on weighted average basis over the remaining life of the new debt. The second item is related to pensions and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense and the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS) subsequent to the measurement date. The third item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents changes in the total other postemployment benefits liability not included in OPEB expense.

# O. Collections in Advance

Collections in advance arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when charges for services monies are received in advance from payers prior to the services being rendered by the District, such as prepaid lunch amounts. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# P. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue revenue anticipation notes (RAN) and tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. The notes, or renewal thereof, may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue, unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each twelve month period thereafter.

No short-term debt was issued during the year ended June 30, 2020.

# **Q.** Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Employees are compensated for unused accumulated vacation leave through paid time off or cash payment upon retirement, termination or death.

Certain collectively bargained agreements require these termination payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June  $30^{th}$ .

# R. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

The District provides individual or family health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In addition to providing these benefits, the District provides individual, family or surviving spouse postemployment health insurance coverage for eligible retired employees. Collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Healthcare benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the district-wide statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

# S. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue/expense credit) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. This includes receivables of certain state aid allocations and amounts due from New York State for Smart Schools Bond Act expenditures incurred. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, unavailable revenue will be reclassified as revenue. In the District-wide financial statements, unavailable revenues are reclassified as revenues. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense. The third item is related to OPEB and represents the change in total other postemployment benefits liability not included in OPEB expense.

# T. Equity Classifications

# **District-Wide Statements**

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

*Net investment in capital assets* – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction and improvements of those assets (net of unspent bond proceeds).

*Restricted* – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted* – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# **Fund Statements**

The fund statements report fund balance classifications according to the relative strength of spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used, as follows:

*Nonspendable* – Consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of inventory, which is recorded in the school food service fund, and prepaids, which is recorded in the general fund.

*Restricted* – Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

# Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

# Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

# Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may legally be appropriated. The Board may also adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit primarily based on unused and unpaid sick leave, personal leave, holiday leave or vacation time due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

# Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The reserves are accounted for in the general fund and capital projects fund.

# Restricted for Debt Service

Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects, interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premiums and accrued interest on long-term borrowings are recorded in the debt service fund and held until appropriated for debt payments. These restricted amounts are accounted for in the debt service fund.

# Restricted - Unspent Debt Proceeds

Unspent long-term bond and energy performance debt proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreements. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

# Restricted for Scholarships

Amounts restricted for scholarships are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, including earnings and net of awards. These restricted funds are accounted for in the private purpose trust fund.

Assigned – Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

*Unassigned* – Represents the residual classification for the District's general fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending of available resources. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318, restricts the unassigned fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# **Fund Balance Classification**

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Education if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modification to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned) the Board will assess the current financial condition of the District and then determine the order of application of expenditures to which fund balance classification will be charged.

# 2. FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements are issued to set generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments. The following is not an all-inclusive list of GASB standards issued, but statements that the District feels may have a future impact on these financial statements. The District will evaluate the impact of these pronouncements and implement them, as applicable, if material.

| Effective for the Year Ending | Statement                          |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| June 30, 2021                 | GASB No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities |
| June 30, 2022                 | GASB No. 87 - Leases               |

GASB Statement No. 84 will require the District to assess activities currently classified as fiduciary and reported in the fiduciary funds to determine if these activities should be considered fiduciary in nature or if these activities should be reported as governmental funds.

GASB Statement No. 87 will change the reporting of leases in the district-wide financial statements. A lessee will be required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of financial resources.

# 3. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS AND THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the district-wide statements and the governmental fund statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

# A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into any of four broad categories.

# **Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences**

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis, whereas the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences.

# **Capital Related Differences**

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### **Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences**

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

### Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of recognizing pension costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized based on the contractually required contribution as calculated by the plan, versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the District's proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the plan.

Other postemployment benefit differences occur as a result of recognizing OPEB costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized for premiums and other postemployment benefit costs as they mature (come due for payment), versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the future cost of benefits in retirement over the term of employment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are established by the adoption of the budget, are recorded at the program line item level, and constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year can be funded by the planned use of specific reserves, and can be increased by budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law) and appropriation of fund balances. These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriation occurred during the year:

Capital reserves appropriated for transfer to the Capital Projects Fund

\$ 2,500,000

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects based on authorized funding. The maximum project amount authorized is based upon the estimated cost of the project. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### **B.** Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as part of assigned fund balance, unless classified as restricted, and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### C. Unassigned Fund Balance

The District's general fund unassigned fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The District is in the process of formulating a plan to reduce the unassigned fund balance to be within the permissible limit. This plan will address funding its reserves to a fiscally prudent level and the capital needs of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 5. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities. Investments are stated at fair value.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District may be unable to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized.
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's aggregate bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance or fully collateralized by securities pledged on the District's behalf at year end.

The District did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the District was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

#### 6. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District was billed \$21,150,110 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$4,534,843. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 71 Clinton Road, P.O. Box 9195, Garden City, New York, 11530-9195.

#### 7. TAXES RECEIVABLE

The District has outstanding taxes receivable from the Town of Hempstead in the amount of \$5,782,769 at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 8. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL

Due from state and federal at June 30, 2020 consisted of:

| General Fund                            |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| New York State - excess cost aid        | \$<br>1,702,561 |
| New York State - general aid            | 94,337          |
|   | 1,796,898       |
| Special Aid Fund                        |                 |
| Federal and state grants                | 4,703,728       |
| School Food Service                     |                 |
| Federal and state food service          |                 |
| program reimbursement                   | 199,182         |
| Capital Projects Fund                   |                 |
| New York State - Smart Schools Bond Act | <br>438,304     |
|   | \$<br>7,138,112 |

The general fund receivable from New York State includes \$909,624 of unavailable revenues, which are included in deferred inflows of resources on the balance sheet. District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

# 9. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at June 30, 2020 consisted of:

| General Fund             |      |           |
|--------------------------|------|-----------|
| BOCES aid                | \$   | 4,024,239 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes |      | 137,916   |
| E-rate                   |      | 144,726   |
| QZAB interest            |      | 49,611    |
| Other                    |      | 24,294    |
|                          | φ.   | 4 200 506 |
|                          | _ \$ | 4,380,786 |

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

# 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

|                          | Interfund     |               |              |               |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|
|                          | Receivable    | Payable       | Transfers In | Transfers Out |  |  |  |
| General Fund             | \$ 11,080,482 | \$ 5,240,541  | \$ 692,792   | \$ 8,906,887  |  |  |  |
| Special Aid Fund         | 521,757       | 5,409,585     | 486,806      |               |  |  |  |
| School Food Service Fund | 25,000        | 42,289        | 25,000       |               |  |  |  |
| Debt Service Fund        | 1,562         |               | 4,145,081    |               |  |  |  |
| Capital Projects Fund    | 2,500,000     | 727,739       | 4,250,000    | 692,792       |  |  |  |
| Total Governmental Funds | 14,128,801    | 11,420,154    | \$ 9,599,679 | \$ 9,599,679  |  |  |  |
| Fiduciary Funds          |               | 2,708,647     |              |               |  |  |  |
| Total                    | \$ 14,128,801 | \$ 14,128,801 |              |               |  |  |  |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund, school food service fund and debt service fund. The transfer to the special aid fund was for the District's share of the costs for the summer program for students with disabilities and the state-supported Section 4201 schools. The transfer to the school food service fund was to provide support for the program per the approved budget. The transfer to the debt service fund was for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding long-term indebtedness. The transfers to the capital projects fund included voter-authorized transfers of the capital reserves totaling \$2,500,000, as well as a budgeted transfer of \$1,750,000 for various school improvements. The transfer from the capital projects fund to the general fund represents the return of unexpended amounts on capital projects originally funded by general fund appropriations. Interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### 11. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

|                                       | Balance       |              |              | Balance       |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
|                                       | June 30, 2019 | Additions    | Reductions   | June 30, 2020 |
| Governmental activities               |               |              |              |               |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: |               |              |              |               |
| Land                                  | \$ 800,000    | \$           | \$           | \$ 800,000    |
| Construction in progress              | 4,184,589     | 9,277,881    | (209,156)    | 13,253,314    |
| Total capital assets                  |               |              |              |               |
| not being depreciated                 | 4,984,589     | 9,277,881    | (209,156)    | 14,053,314    |
| Capital assets being depreciated      |               |              |              |               |
| Buildings and improvements            | 115,246,068   | 178,647      |              | 115,424,715   |
| Site improvements                     | 7,698,563     | 30,509       |              | 7,729,072     |
| Furniture and equipment               | 11,093,085    | 751,280      | (68,599)     | 11,775,766    |
| Total capital assets                  |               |              | , ,          |               |
| being depreciated                     | 134,037,716   | 960,436      | (68,599)     | 134,929,553   |
| Less accumulated depreciation for:    |               |              |              |               |
| Buildings and improvements            | 40,145,375    | 1,925,172    |              | 42,070,547    |
| Site improvements                     | 3,636,911     | 290,503      |              | 3,927,414     |
| Furniture and equipment               | 8,414,415     | 458,185      | (68,599)     | 8,804,001     |
| Total accumulated depreciation        | 52,196,701    | 2,673,860    | (68,599)     | 54,801,962    |
| Total capital assets,                 |               |              |              |               |
| being depreciated, net                | 81,841,015    | (1,713,424)  |              | 80,127,591    |
| Capital assets, net                   | \$ 86,825,604 | \$ 7,564,457 | \$ (209,156) | \$ 94,180,905 |
| 1 '                                   |               |              |              |               |

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| General support<br>Instruction | \$<br>1,229,976<br>1,443,884 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
|                                | \$<br>2,673,860              |
| Total depreciation expense     | \$<br>2,673,860              |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 12. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

# A. Changes

Long-term liability balances and activity, excluding pension and other postemployment benefits liability, for the year are summarized below:

|                              |               |              |                |               | Amounts      |
|------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
|                              | Balance       |              |                | Balance       | Due Within   |
|                              | June 30, 2019 | Additions    | Reductions     | June 30, 2020 | One Year     |
|                              |               |              | _              |               |              |
| Long-term debt:              |               |              |                |               |              |
| Bonds payable                | \$ 13,075,000 | \$           | \$ (2,355,000) | \$ 10,720,000 | \$ 2,470,000 |
| Add: Premium on refunding    | 1,141,223     |              | (338,264)      | 802,959       | 254,212      |
| Qualified school             |               |              |                |               |              |
| construction bond            | 2,895,000     |              | (320,000)      | 2,575,000     | 330,000      |
|                              | 17,111,223    | -            | (3,013,264)    | 14,097,959    | 3,054,212    |
| Energy performance contract  | 3,257,168     | 6,283,913    | (700,955)      | 8,840,126     | 1,003,973    |
|                              | 20,368,391    | 6,283,913    | (3,714,219)    | 22,938,085    | 4,058,185    |
| Other long-term liabilities: |               |              |                |               |              |
| Compensated absences         | 11,873,927    |              | (64,698)       | 11,809,229    | 500,000      |
| Workers' compensation        | 3,465,000     | 1,547,657    | (1,324,524)    | 3,688,133     | -            |
|                              | 15,338,927    | 1,547,657    | (1,389,222)    | 15,497,362    | 500,000      |
|                              |               |              |                |               |              |
|                              | \$ 35,707,318 | \$ 7,831,570 | \$ (5,103,441) | \$ 38,435,447 | \$ 4,558,185 |

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

# **B.** Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

| Description   | Issue<br>Date        | Final<br>Maturity                  | Interest<br>Rate             | Outstanding at June 30, 2020           |
|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Qualified school<br>construction bond<br>Refunding bond<br>Refunding bond | 2012<br>2016<br>2017 | 6/15/2027<br>4/1/2024<br>12/1/2028 | 0.8 - 4.0%<br>5.00%<br>5.00% | \$ 2,575,000<br>2,220,000<br>8,500,000 |
|   |                      |                                    |                              | \$ 13,295,000                          |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

| Year Ending June 30, |         | Principal  |    | Principal Interest |    | Total      |  |
|----------------------|---------|------------|----|--------------------|----|------------|--|
|                      |         |            |    |                    |    |            |  |
| 2021                 | \$      | 2,800,000  | \$ | 582,440            | \$ | 3,382,440  |  |
| 2022                 |         | 2,940,000  |    | 445,510            |    | 3,385,510  |  |
| 2023                 |         | 2,215,000  |    | 322,780            |    | 2,537,780  |  |
| 2024                 |         | 1,420,000  |    | 237,700            |    | 1,657,700  |  |
| 2025                 |         | 870,000    |    | 170,745            |    | 1,040,745  |  |
| 2026-2029            |         | 3,050,000  |    | 279,830            |    | 3,329,830  |  |
| To                   | otal \$ | 13,295,000 | \$ | 2,039,005          | \$ | 15,334,005 |  |

# C. Advance Refunding

In the district-wide statements, the District is amortizing deferred charges and bond premiums on prior year advance refunding as a component of interest expense on a weighted average basis as follows:

| Year Ending June | 30,   | of | nortization<br>f Deferred<br>Charges | nortization<br>FPremium | I  | rest Expense<br>ncrease /<br>Decrease) |
|------------------|-------|----|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|----|--|
| 2021             |       | \$ | 68,874                               | \$<br>(254,212)         | \$ | (185,338)                              |
| 2022             |       |    | 49,497                               | (179,722)               |    | (130,225)                              |
| 2023             |       |    | 32,625                               | (129,437)               |    | (96,812)                               |
| 2024             |       |    | 16,935                               | (91,270)                |    | (74,335)                               |
| 2025             |       |    | 7,953                                | (63,633)                |    | (55,680)                               |
| 2026-2028        |       |    | 10,583                               | (84,685)                |    | (74,102)                               |
|                  | Total | \$ | 186,467                              | \$<br>(802,959)         | \$ | (616,492)                              |

# **D.** Energy Performance Contract

Energy performance contract is comprised of the following:

| Description  | Issue<br>Date | Final<br>Maturity     | Interest<br>Rate | Outstanding at June 30, 2020 |
|--|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Energy performance contract<br>Energy performance contract | 2012<br>2019  | 7/15/2023<br>9/4/2034 | 1.827%<br>2.523% | \$ 2,556,213<br>6,283,913    |
|  |               |                       |                  | \$ 8,840,126                 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for energy performance contracts payable:

| Year Ending June 30, |         | Principal | Interest |           |    | Total      |
|----------------------|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|----|------------|
| 2021                 | \$      | 1,003,973 | \$       | 279,949   | \$ | 1,283,922  |
| 2022                 | Ψ       | 1,104,712 | Ψ        | 179,210   | Ψ  | 1,283,922  |
| 2023                 |         | 1,127,645 |          | 156,277   |    | 1,283,922  |
| 2024                 |         | 772,429   |          | 132,855   |    | 905,284    |
| 2025                 |         | 407,303   |          | 119,342   |    | 526,645    |
| 2026-2030            |         | 2,196,982 |          | 436,244   |    | 2,633,226  |
| 2031-2034            |         | 2,227,082 |          | 142,821   |    | 2,369,903  |
| To                   | otal \$ | 8,840,126 | \$       | 1,446,698 | \$ | 10,286,824 |

# E. Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

| Total interest expense on long-term debt                               | \$<br>632,100 |
|--|---------------|
| Less net amortization of premium and deferred charge on refunded bonds | (249,337)     |
| Plus interest accrued in the current year                              | 216,691       |
| Less interest accrued in the prior year                                | (104,380)     |
| Interest paid  | \$<br>769,126 |

#### 13. PENSION PLANS - NEW YORK STATE

#### A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The systems provide retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries related to years of service and final average salary.

#### **B.** Provisions and Administration

#### **Teachers' Retirement System**

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in the TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the TRS may be found on the TRS website at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY, 12211-2395.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Employees' Retirement System

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the NYSRSSL. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the ERS. As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as the trustee of the fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found on the New York State Comptroller's website at <a href="https://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php">www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</a> or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY, 12244.

# **C. Funding Policies**

Plan members who joined the systems before July 27, 1976, are not required to make contributions. Those joining on or after July 27, 1976, and before January 1, 2010, with less than ten years of credited services are required to contribute 3% of their salary. Those joining on or after January 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to ERS or 3.5% of their salary to TRS throughout active membership. Those joining on or after April 1, 2012, are required to contribute between 3% and 6% dependent on their salary throughout active membership. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on covered salaries paid. For the TRS, the employers' contribution rate is established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30th, and employer contributions are deducted from state aid in the subsequent months of September, October and November. For the ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31st, and employer contributions are either paid by the prior December 15th less a 1% discount or by the prior February 1st. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year. The District's contribution rate was 10.62% of covered payroll for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The District's average contribution rate was 14.80% of covered payroll for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2020.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the District's year ended June 30, 2020, was \$6,336,437 for TRS at the contribution rate of 8.86% and \$1,754,171 for ERS at an average contribution rate of 14.41%.

# D. Pension Asset/(Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2019, for TRS and March 31, 2020 for ERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and the ERS in reports provided to the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

|  | TRS           | ERS            |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| Measurement date   | June 30, 2019 | March 31, 2020 |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)  | \$ 10,978,171 | \$ (9,295,402) |
| District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability) | 0.422561%     | 0.0351027%     |
| Change in proportion since the prior measurement date                | (0.006877)    | 0.0007041      |

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,706,936 for TRS and \$3,571,990 for ERS. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|   | <b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> |              | Deferred Inflo | ows of Resources |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|--|
|   | TRS                                   | ERS          | TRS            | ERS              |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience  | \$ 7,439,626                          | \$ 547,072   | \$ 816,358     | \$               |  |
| Changes of assumptions  | 20,739,233                            | 187,165      | 5,056,812      | 161,614          |  |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments                                    |                                       | 4,765,275    | 8,803,927      |                  |  |
| Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 907,010                               | 883,700      | 160,311        | 142,248          |  |
| District contributions subsequent to the measurement date   | 6,336,437                             | 454,789      |                |                  |  |
| Total   | \$ 35,422,306                         | \$ 6,838,001 | \$ 14,837,408  | \$ 303,862       |  |

District contributions, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | T  | 'RS                 | ERS                          |
|----------------------|----|---------------------|------------------------------|
| 2021<br>2022         |    | 110,460<br>458,929  | \$<br>1,190,598<br>1,574,431 |
| 2023<br>2024         | 5, | 092,458<br>371,505  | 1,844,080<br>1,470,241       |
| 2025<br>Thereafter   |    | 494,825<br>279,716) | -, · ,                       |
|                      |    | 248,461             | \$<br>6,079,350              |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

|  | TRS           | ERS            |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| Measurement date                             | June 30, 2019 | March 31, 2020 |
| Actuarial valuation date                     | June 30, 2018 | April 1, 2019  |
| Inflation                                    | 2.20%         | 2.50%          |
| Salary increases                             | 1.90-4.72%    | 4.20%          |
| Investment rate of return (net of investment |               |                |
| expense, including inflation)                | 7.10%         | 6.80%          |
| Cost of living adjustments                   | 1.30%         | 1.30%          |

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018.

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

|                                    | TRS                  |   | El                   | RS                                      |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|---|
|                                    | Target<br>Allocation | Long-term<br>Expected Rate<br>of Return | Target<br>Allocation | Long-term<br>Expected Rate<br>of Return |
| Measurement date                   |                      | June 30, 2019                           |                      | March 31, 2020                          |
| Asset type                         |                      |   |                      |   |
| Domestic equity                    | 33.0%                | 6.30%                                   | 36.0%                | 4.05%                                   |
| International equity               | 16.0%                | 7.80%                                   | 14.0%                | 6.15%                                   |
| Global equity                      | 4.0%                 | 7.20%                                   |                      |   |
| Real estate                        | 11.0%                | 4.60%                                   | 10.0%                | 4.95%                                   |
| Private equities                   | 8.0%                 | 9.90%                                   | 10.0%                | 6.75%                                   |
| Alternatives investments           |                      |   | 8.0%                 | 3.25-5.95%                              |
| Domestic fixed income securities   | 16.0%                | 1.30%                                   |                      |   |
| Global fixed income securities     | 2.0%                 | 0.90%                                   |                      |   |
| High-yield fixed income securities | 1.0%                 | 3.60%                                   |                      |   |
| Bonds and mortgages                |                      |   | 17.0%                | 0.75%                                   |
| Private debt                       | 1.0%                 | 6.50%                                   |                      |   |
| Real estate debt                   | 7.0%                 | 2.90%                                   |                      |   |
| Cash and equivilents               | 1.0%                 | 0.30%                                   |                      |   |
| Cash                               |                      |   | 1.0%                 | 0.00%                                   |
| Inflation indexed bonds            |                      | _                                       | 4.0%                 | 0.50%                                   |
|                                    | 100.0%               | _                                       | 100.0%               |   |

Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for TRS and 2.5% for ERS.

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for TRS and 6.80% for ERS (the discount rate used by the TRS at the prior year's measurement date of June 30, 2018, was 7.25% and the discount rate used by the ERS at the prior year's measurement date of March 31, 2019 was 7.00%). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.10% for TRS and 6.80% for ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.10% for TRS and 5.80% for ERS) or 1 percentage point higher (8.10% for TRS and 7.80% for ERS) than the current rate:

| TRS   | 1% Decrease<br>6.10 % | Current<br>Assumption<br>7.10 % | 1% Increase<br>8.10 % |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) | \$ (49,554,317)       | \$ 10,978,171                   | \$ 61,758,098         |
| ERS   | 1% Decrease<br>5.80 % | Current Assumption 6.80 %       | 1% Increase<br>7.80 % |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) | \$ (17,059,687)       | \$ (9,295,402)                  | \$ (2,144,462)        |

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

|  | TRS              | ERS              |
|--|------------------|------------------|
|  | (Dollars in      | Thousands)       |
| Measurement date   | June 30, 2019    | March 31, 2020   |
| Employers' total pension liability   | \$ (119,879,474) | \$ (194,596,261) |
| Plan fiduciary net position  | 122,477,481      | 168,115,682      |
| Employers' net pension asset/(liability)                                       | \$ 2,598,007     | \$ (26,480,579)  |
| Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension liability | 102.17%          | 86.39%           |

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are paid to the system in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, represent employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$6,336,437 of employer contributions and \$501,729 of employee contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the system's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$454,789 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

#### 14. PENSION PLANS - OTHER

#### A. Tax Sheltered Annuities

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain compensated absence payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2020, totaled \$624,826 and \$4,314,223 respectively.

#### **B.** Deferred Compensation Plan

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for all employees. Contributions made by the District and eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2020 totaled \$380,023.

#### 15. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

# A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

*Plan Description* – The District provides OPEB for eligible retired employees of the District. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in the various contracts that the District has in place with different classifications of employees. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered through the New York State Health Insurance Program – Empire Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare benefits and Medicare Part B coverage for eligible retirees. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments | 657   |
|--|-------|
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments    | -     |
| Active employees   | 1,015 |
|  | 1,672 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# **B.** Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$237,012,863 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability, as of the measurement date, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| Inflation                                   | 2.20%  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Salary increases                            | 2.60% average, including inflation                         |  |
| Discount rate                               | 2.21%  |  |
| Healthcare cost trend rates                 | 6.10% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.1% over 57 years |  |
| Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 50 | 0-100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees |  |

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 - Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

# C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

| Balance at June 30, 2019                           | \$ 186,940,273 |
|--|----------------|
| Changes for the year                               |                |
| Service cost                                       | 9,054,166      |
| Interest   | 6,781,430      |
| Changes of benefit terms                           | -              |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | -              |
| Changes in assumptions or other inputs             | 38,754,451     |
| Benefit payments                                   | (4,517,457)    |
|  | 50,072,590     |
|  |                |
| Balance at June 30, 2020                           | \$ 237,012,863 |

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.5% in 2019 to 2.21% in 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

|                      |                | Discount       |                |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                      | 1% Decrease    | Rate           | 1% Increase    |
| ОРЕВ                 | 1.21 %         | 2.21 %         | 3.21 %         |
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 281,521,870 | \$ 237,012,863 | \$ 201,618,146 |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.10%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

| Total OPEB liability | \$ 201,374,232                                   | \$ 237,012,863                               | \$ 284,509,327                                   |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| ОРЕВ                 | 1% Decrease<br>5.10 %<br>decreasing to<br>3.10 % | Cost Trend Rates 6.10 % decreasing to 4.10 % | 1% Increase<br>7.10 %<br>decreasing to<br>5.10 % |
|                      |  | Healthcare                                   |  |

# D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$17,664,344. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

|  |                  | Deferred     |            |              |  |  |
|--|------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--|--|
|  |                  | Outflows     |            | Inflows      |  |  |
|  | C                | of Resources | (          | of Resources |  |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$               | 5,093,870    | \$         | 997,703      |  |  |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs             | 33,371,888 25,02 |              | 25,028,672 |              |  |  |
| Total  | \$               | 38,465,758   | \$         | 26,026,375   |  |  |
|  |                  |              |            |              |  |  |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | Amount  |            |  |
|----------------------|---------|------------|--|
| 2021                 | \$      | 1,828,748  |  |
| 2022                 | 1,828,7 |            |  |
| 2023                 |         | 1,828,748  |  |
| 2024                 |         | 1,828,748  |  |
| 2025                 |         | 1,828,748  |  |
| Thereafter           |         | 3,295,643  |  |
|                      | \$      | 12,439,383 |  |

# 16. <u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>

In the governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2020, consists of that portion of the amount due from New York State for local aid payments, including BOCES aid, which is unavailable. Of the 2019-2020 school year aid payments outstanding at June 30, 2020, 20% was effectively withheld by the State, in response to losses in revenue coupled with increased costs on the State level due to COVID-19. Unavailable revenues, in the general fund at June 30, 2020, total \$909,624.

Also included in the governmental fund financial statements as deferred inflows of resources, at June 30, 2020, is the amount due from New York State for improvements to educational technology and infrastructure to improve learning and opportunities for students throughout the state (Smart Schools Bond Act). Unavailable revenues in the capital projects fund at June 30, 2020, total \$30,943.

#### 17. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year, and settled-claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

### **B.** Risk Retention

The District has established a self-insured plan for risks associated with workers' compensation claims. Liabilities of the plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities discounted at 3.00% include an amount for reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year end but not reported (IBNR). Claims activity is summarized below:

|   | 2019                                   | 2020                                     |
|---|--|--|
| Unpaid claims at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Claim payments | \$ 3,968,168<br>815,599<br>(1,318,767) | \$ 3,465,000<br>1,547,657<br>(1,324,524) |
| Unpaid claims at year end   | \$ 3,465,000                           | \$ 3,688,133                             |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# C. Public Entity Risk Pool

The District participates in New York Schools Insurance Reciprocal (NYSIR), a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its property and liability insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of certain defined limits, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

#### 18. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - APPROPRIATED RESERVES

The District expects to appropriate \$4,500,000 from reserves, which are reported in the June 30, 2020 restricted fund balances, to fund the budget and reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2021.

| Workers' Compensation Reserve  | \$<br>1,200,000 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Unemployment Insurance Reserve | 50,000          |
| Retirement Contributions:      |                 |
| Teachers' Retirement System    | 1,350,000       |
| Employees' Retirement System   | 1,900,000       |
|                                |                 |
|                                | \$<br>4,500,000 |

#### 19. ASSIGNED - APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE

The amount of \$9,500,000 has been appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2021.

#### 20. RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL RESERVE

The following is a summary of the District's restricted capital reserve activity since inception:

|   | Capital Reserve                         |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | I                                       | II                                     |  |  |  |
| Date Created  | May 2009                                | May 2017                               |  |  |  |
| Number of Years to Fund   | 10                                      | 10                                     |  |  |  |
| Maximum Funding   | \$ 15,000,000                           | \$ 25,000,000                          |  |  |  |
| General Fund Funding Provided Since Inception Interest Earnings Since Inception Use of Reserve Since Inception    | \$ 13,975,000<br>89,845<br>(11,900,000) | \$ 10,000,000<br>47,357<br>(7,500,000) |  |  |  |
| Total General Fund  | 2,164,845                               | 2,547,357                              |  |  |  |
| Capital Projects Fund Funding Provided Since Inception Use of Reserve Since Inception Total Capital Projects Fund | 11,900,000<br>(10,084,885)<br>1,815,115 | 7,500,000<br>(2,761,797)<br>4,738,203  |  |  |  |
| Balance as of June 30, 2020   | \$ 3,979,960                            | \$ 7,285,560                           |  |  |  |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 21. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Nassau County Industrial Development Agency enters into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. As a result of those programs, the District's 2019-2020 property taxes were abated by \$298,124; the District received payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) payments totaling \$260,149.

# 22. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2020, the District encumbered the following amounts:

| Restricted:                           |                 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Capital Projects Fund                 |                 |
| Capital projects                      | \$<br>3,965,496 |
| Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance |                 |
| General Fund                          |                 |
| General Support                       | 132,646         |
| Instruction                           | 257,692         |
| Pupil Transportation                  | 850             |
|                                       | 391,188         |
| Capital Projects Fund                 | _               |
| Capital projects                      | 191,992         |
|                                       | \$<br>4,548,676 |

#### **B.** Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

# C. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. The District believes the outcome of any matters will not have a material effect on these financial statements.

# D. Operating Leases

The District leases various equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Rental expense for the year was \$263,624. The minimum remaining operating lease payments are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, |    | Amount  |
|----------------------|----|---------|
| 2021                 | \$ | 238,039 |
| 2022                 | Ψ  | 196,827 |
| 2023                 |    | 108,010 |
| 2024                 |    | 14,047  |
|                      | \$ | 556,923 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements, except for the following:

On March 11, 2020, the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. COVID-19 is an international, national and New York State public health emergency. As such, the COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting business activity across a range of industries. At this point, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, and the effect on the District's residents, employees and vendors, as well as the state, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

#### FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance **Budget and Actual - General Fund**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

|   | Original<br>Budget |             |    |             | Actual           |    | Final Budget<br>Variance with<br>Actual |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|-------------|----|-------------|------------------|----|---|--|--|--|
| REVENUES  |                    |             |    |             | <br>             |    |   |  |  |  |
| Local Sources   |                    |             |    |             |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Real property taxes   | \$                 | 86,838,240  | \$ | 78,508,711  | \$<br>80,256,728 | \$ | , ,                                     |  |  |  |
| Other tax items   |                    | 780,000     |    | 9,109,529   | 9,098,894        |    | (10,635)                                |  |  |  |
| Charges for services  |                    | 397,000     |    | 397,000     | 457,069          |    | 60,069                                  |  |  |  |
| Use of money and property<br>Sale of property and                     |                    | 637,135     |    | 637,135     | 690,740          |    | 53,605                                  |  |  |  |
| compensation for loss   |                    | 141,000     |    | 141,000     | 142,944          |    | 1,944                                   |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous   |                    | 715,000     |    | 715,000     | 1,050,639        |    | 335,639                                 |  |  |  |
| Interfund revenues  |                    | 198,000     |    | 198,000     | 51,597           |    | (146,403)                               |  |  |  |
| interfund revenues  |                    | 170,000     |    | 170,000     | <br>31,377       |    | (110,103)                               |  |  |  |
| Total Local Sources   |                    | 89,706,375  |    | 89,706,375  | 91,748,611       |    | 2,042,236                               |  |  |  |
| State Sources   |                    | 81,869,256  |    | 81,869,256  | 81,856,507       |    | (12,749)                                |  |  |  |
| Medicaid Reimbursement  |                    | 150,000     |    | 150,000     | 253,684          |    | 103,684                                 |  |  |  |
| Federal Sources   |                    | 122,000     |    | 122,000     | <br>333,439      |    | 211,439                                 |  |  |  |
| Total Revenues  |                    | 171,847,631 |    | 171,847,631 | 174,192,241      |    | 2,344,610                               |  |  |  |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES   |                    |             |    |             |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Operating Transfer In   |                    | 692,792     |    | 692,792     | <br>692,792      |    | -                                       |  |  |  |
| Taral Day and a selection   |                    |             |    |             |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Total Revenues and Other  |                    | 172,540,423 |    | 172,540,423 | 174,885,033      | ¢  | 2,344,610                               |  |  |  |
| Financing Sources   |                    | 172,540,425 |    | 172,340,423 | <br>1/4,885,055  |    | 2,344,010                               |  |  |  |
| APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE   |                    |             |    |             |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Prior Years' Surplus  |                    | 9,000,000   |    | 9,000,000   |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Prior Year's Encumbrances   |                    | 215,065     |    | 215,065     |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Appropriated Reserves   |                    | 3,307,208   |    | 5,807,208   |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
|   |                    |             |    |             |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Total Appropriated Fund Balance                                       |                    | 12,522,273  |    | 15,022,273  |                  |    |   |  |  |  |
| Total Revenues, other Financing Sources and Appropriated Fund Balance | \$                 | 185,062,696 | \$ | 187,562,696 |                  |    |   |  |  |  |

# **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

|                                   | Original<br>Budget | Final<br>Budget | Actual        | Year End<br>Encumbrances | Final Budget<br>Variance with<br>Actual<br>& Encumbrances |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| EXPENDITURES                      |                    |                 |               |                          |   |  |  |
| General Support                   |                    |                 |               |                          |   |  |  |
| Board of education                | \$ 73,896          | \$ 111,392      | \$ 59,113     | \$ 1,920                 | \$ 50,359   |  |  |
| Central administration            | 511,080            | 523,435         | 520,876       |                          | 2,559   |  |  |
| Finance                           | 954,679            | 956,287         | 894,673       | 29,260                   | 32,354  |  |  |
| Staff                             | 807,269            | 788,859         | 734,595       | 989                      | 53,275  |  |  |
| Central services                  | 10,915,167         | 11,461,696      | 10,034,626    | 100,477                  | 1,326,593   |  |  |
| Special items                     | 1,771,482          | 3,274,982       | 3,244,436     |                          | 30,546  |  |  |
| r                                 |                    |                 |               |                          |   |  |  |
| Total General Support             | 15,033,573         | 17,116,651      | 15,488,319    | 132,646                  | 1,495,686   |  |  |
| Instruction                       |                    |                 |               |                          |   |  |  |
| Administration                    |                    |                 |               |                          |   |  |  |
| & improvement                     | 10,006,899         | 9,961,738       | 9,109,918     | 3,818                    | 848,002   |  |  |
| Teaching - regular school         | 62,356,236         | 61,610,115      | 56,808,047    | 186,269                  | 4,615,799   |  |  |
| Programs for students             |                    |                 |               |                          |   |  |  |
| with disabilities                 | 29,995,771         | 29,015,857      | 26,052,547    | 3,111                    | 2,960,199   |  |  |
| Teaching - special school         | 1,017,119          | 921,398         | 750,650       | 9,603                    | 161,145   |  |  |
| Instructional media               | 3,390,759          | 4,923,400       | 4,739,188     | 54,891                   | 129,321   |  |  |
| Pupil services                    | 8,600,238          | 8,392,636       | 6,694,598     |                          | 1,698,038   |  |  |
| Total Instruction                 | 115,367,022        | 114,825,144     | 104,154,948   | 257,692                  | 10,412,504  |  |  |
| Pupil Transportation              | 9,775,767          | 8,280,499       | 5,731,312     | 850                      | 2,548,337   |  |  |
| Employee Benefits                 | 38,116,253         | 38,070,321      | 33,946,019    |                          | 4,124,302   |  |  |
| Total Expenditures                | 178,292,615        | 178,292,615     | 159,320,598   | 391,188                  | 18,580,829  |  |  |
| OTHER USES                        |                    |                 |               |                          |   |  |  |
| Operating Transfers Out           | 6,770,081          | 9,270,081       | 8,906,887     |                          | 363,194   |  |  |
| Total Expenditures and Other Uses | \$ 185,062,696     | \$ 187,562,696  | 168,227,485   | \$ 391,188               | \$ 18,944,023   |  |  |
| Net Change in Fund Balance        |                    |                 | 6,657,548     |                          |   |  |  |
| Fund Balances - Beginning of Year |                    |                 | 60,954,876    |                          |   |  |  |
| Fund Balances - End of Year       |                    |                 | \$ 67,612,424 |                          |   |  |  |

# **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)

Last Six Fiscal Years

#### Teachers' Retirement System

|  |    | 2020  | 2019                                   |   | 2018                                   |   | 2017 |   | 2016     |   |          | 2015                                    |
|--|----|---|--|---|--|---|------|---|----------|---|----------|---|
| District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)   |    | 0.422561%                                       |  | 0.429438%                                       |  | 0.433753%                               |      | 0.431283%                               |          | 0.43993%                                |          | 0.436815%                               |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)  | \$ | 10,978,171                                      | \$                                     | 7,765,371                                       | \$                                     | 3,296,953                               | \$   | (4,619,219)                             | \$       | 45,694,752                              | \$       | 48,658,441                              |
| District's covered payroll   | \$ | 72,344,665                                      | \$                                     | 69,926,598                                      | \$                                     | 68,735,179                              | \$   | 66,551,271                              | \$       | 66,083,521                              | \$       | 64,524,342                              |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll   |    | 15.17 %   |  | 11.11 %   |  | 4.80 %                                  |      | 6.94 %                                  |          | 69.15 %                                 |          | 75.41 %                                 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability   |    | 102.17%   |  | 101.53%   |  | 100.66%                                 |      | 99.01%                                  |          | 110.46%                                 |          | 111.48%                                 |
| Discount rate  |    | 7.10%   |  | 7.25%   |  | 7.25%                                   |      | 7.50%                                   |          | 8.00%                                   |          | 8.00%                                   |
| Employees' Retirement System   |    |   |  |   |  |   |      |   |          |   |          |   |
|  |    | Employ  | ees' l                                 | Retirement Syst                                 | em                                     |   |      |   |          |   |          |   |
|  |    | <b>Employ</b> 2020                              | ees' l                                 | 2019  | em<br>                                 | 2018                                    |      | 2017                                    |          | 2016                                    |          | 2015                                    |
| District's proportion of the net pension liability   |    | • •   | ees' l                                 | •   | em                                     | 2018<br>0.0384430%                      |      | 2017<br>0.4000000%                      |          | 2016<br>0.0369805%                      |          | 2015<br>0.0360605%                      |
| District's proportion of the net pension liability  District's proportionate share of the net pension liability                                      | \$ | 2020  | ************************************** | 2019  | ************************************** |   | \$   |   | \$       |   | \$       |   |
|  | \$ | 2020<br>0.0351027%                              |  | 2019 0.0343986%                                 |  | 0.0384430%                              | \$   | 0.4000000%                              | \$<br>\$ | 0.0369805%                              | \$<br>\$ | 0.0360605%                              |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability  | ·  | 2020<br>0.0351027%<br>(9,295,402)               | \$                                     | 2019<br>0.0343986%<br>(2,437,246)               | \$                                     | 0.0384430% (1,240,727)                  |      | 0.4000000% (3,360,154)                  |          | 0.0369805% (5,935,480)                  |          | 0.0360605% (1,218,212)                  |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability  District's covered payroll  District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | ·  | 2020<br>0.0351027%<br>(9,295,402)<br>11,853,628 | \$                                     | 2019<br>0.0343986%<br>(2,437,246)<br>12,356,166 | \$                                     | 0.0384430%<br>(1,240,727)<br>12,177,644 |      | 0.4000000%<br>(3,360,154)<br>12,977,410 |          | 0.0369805%<br>(5,935,480)<br>11,521,488 |          | 0.0360605%<br>(1,218,212)<br>11,479,147 |

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation, until 10 years of historical data is available.

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Pension Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Teachers' Retirement System

|  | 2020                 | 2019                 | 2018                 | 2017                 | 2016                 | 2015                 | 2014                 | 2013          | 2012         | 2011         |  |  |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Contractually required contribution                                  | \$ 6,336,437         | \$ 7,490,536         | \$ 6,852,807         | \$ 8,055,763         | \$ 8,824,699         | \$11,584,441         | \$10,590,655         | \$ 7,514,033  | \$ 7,221,374 | \$ 5,635,644 |  |  |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 6,336,437            | 7,490,536            | 6,852,807            | 8,055,763            | 8,824,699            | 11,584,441           | 10,590,655           | 7,514,033     | 7,221,374    | 5,635,644    |  |  |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                                     | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -          | \$ -         | \$ -         |  |  |
| District's covered payroll   | \$73,128,663         | \$72,344,665         | \$69,926,598         | \$68,735,179         | \$66,551,271         | \$66,083,521         | \$64,524,342         | \$63,497,687  | \$64,998,865 | \$65,390,306 |  |  |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll                     | 9%                   | 10%                  | 10%                  | 12%                  | 13%                  | 18%                  | 16%                  | 12%           | 11%          | 9%           |  |  |
| Employees' Retirement System   |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |               |              |              |  |  |
|  | 2020                 | 2019                 | 2013                 | 2012                 | 2011                 |                      |                      |               |              |              |  |  |
| Contractually required contribution                                  | \$ 1,754,171         | \$ 1,761,227         | \$ 1,922,944         | \$ 1,707,906         | \$ 2,097,478         | \$ 2,036,533         | \$ 2,140,908         | \$ 2,303,641  | \$ 1,709,054 | \$ 1,257,466 |  |  |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 1,754,171            | 1,761,227            | 1,922,944            | 1,707,906            | 2,097,478            | 2,036,533            | 2,140,908            | 2,303,641     | 1,709,054    | 1,257,466    |  |  |
| Contribution deficiency (excess)                                     |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      | <b>A</b>      | ¢            | ¢            |  |  |
| contribution deficiency (excess)                                     | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -                 | \$ -          | \$ -         | <b>ф</b> -   |  |  |
| District's covered payroll   | \$ -<br>\$12,173,221 | \$ -<br>\$12,318,681 | \$ -<br>\$12,176,977 | \$ -<br>\$12,721,486 | \$ -<br>\$11,521,217 | \$ -<br>\$11,515,860 | \$ -<br>\$11,524,591 | \$ 10,988,248 | \$10,715,249 | \$11,305,534 |  |  |

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Three Fiscal Years

|  |    | 2020                      |    | 2019                                     |    | 2018                            |  |
|--|----|---------------------------|----|--|----|---------------------------------|--|
| Total OPEB liability   |    |                           |    |  |    |                                 |  |
| Service cost<br>Interest<br>Changes in benefit terms   | \$ | 9,054,166<br>6,781,430    | \$ | 11,434,404<br>6,282,296                  | \$ | 9,890,048<br>5,902,789          |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience<br>Changes of assumptions or other inputs<br>Benefit payments |    | 38,754,451<br>(4,517,457) |    | 6,820,606<br>(33,512,968)<br>(4,088,855) |    | (1,522,808)<br>-<br>(2,253,036) |  |
| Net change in total OPEB liability   |    | 50,072,590                |    | (13,064,517)                             |    | 12,016,993                      |  |
| Total OPEB liability, beginning  |    | 186,940,273               |    | 200,004,790                              |    | 187,987,797                     |  |
| Total OPEB liability, ending   | \$ | 237,012,863               | \$ | 186,940,273                              | \$ | 200,004,790                     |  |
|  |    |                           |    |  |    |                                 |  |
| Covered employee payroll   | \$ | 77,276,377                | \$ | 77,276,377                               | \$ | 88,951,122                      |  |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll   |    | 306.71%                   |    | 241.91%                                  |    | 224.85%                         |  |
| Discount rate  |    | 2.21%                     |    | 3.50%                                    |    | 3.00%                           |  |
| Healthcare trend rates   |    | 6.1% to 4.1%<br>by 2075   |    | 6.1% to 4.1%<br>by 2075                  |    | 7.5% to 4.5%<br>by 2022         |  |

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

# **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

#### FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

9,891,188

12,948,510

9,500,000

391,188

22,839,698

9,891,188

12,948,510

6.88%

| Adopted Budget  | \$<br>184,847,632 |
|---|-------------------|
| Additions: Prior year's encumbrances                    | <br>215,065       |
| Original Budget   | 185,062,697       |
| Budget revisions  | <br>2,500,000     |
| Final Budget  | \$<br>187,562,697 |
|   |                   |
|   |                   |
|   |                   |
| SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION |                   |
| 2020-2021 voter-approved expenditure budget             | \$<br>188,263,107 |
| Maximum allowed (4% of 2020-2021 budget)                | \$<br>7,530,524   |

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:

General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:

Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance

Less:

Unassigned fund balance

Appropriated fund balance

Total adjustments

Encumbrances

**Actual Percentage** 

# Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources - Capital Projects Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

|   |                         |                         | Expenditures   |                 |               |                       | Methods of Financing    |               |               |                | Fund                                    |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---|
|   | Budget<br>June 30, 2019 | Budget<br>June 30, 2020 | Prior<br>Years | Current<br>Year | Total         | Unexpended<br>Balance | Proceeds of Obligations | State Aid     | Local Sources | Total          | Balance<br>June 30, 2020                |
| PROJECT TITLE                               | ,                       |                         |                |                 |               |                       |                         |               |               |                | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Unallocated Prior Years                     | \$ 692,792              | \$ 692,792              | \$             | \$              | \$ -          | \$ 692,792            | \$                      | \$            | \$ 692,792    | \$ 692,792     | \$ 692,792 *                            |
| <b>Building Additions &amp; Alterations</b> | 39,615,237              | 39,615,237              | 39,551,926     |                 | 39,551,926    | 63,311                | 35,600,000              |               | 4,015,237     | 39,615,237     | 63,311                                  |
| Transfer to Capital 02/03                   | 475,000                 | 475,000                 | 475,000        |                 | 475,000       | -                     |                         |               | 475,000       | 475,000        | -                                       |
| Transfer to Capital 03/04                   | 550,000                 | 550,000                 | 550,000        |                 | 550,000       | -                     |                         |               | 550,000       | 550,000        | -                                       |
| Transfer to Capital 04/05                   | 819,275                 | 819,275                 | 819,275        |                 | 819,275       | -                     |                         |               | 819,275       |                | -                                       |
| Transfer to Capital 05/06                   | 1,707,953               | 1,707,953               | 1,700,839      |                 | 1,700,839     | 7,114                 |                         |               | 1,707,953     | 1,707,953      | 7,114                                   |
| Transfer to Capital 07/08                   | 861,764                 | 861,764                 | 861,758        |                 | 861,758       | 6                     |                         |               | 861,764       | 861,764        | 6                                       |
| Transfer to Capital 08/09                   | 1,228,895               | 1,228,895               | 1,225,277      |                 | 1,225,277     | 3,618                 |                         |               | 1,228,895     | 1,228,895      | 3,618                                   |
| Transfer to Capital 09/10                   | 980,996                 | 980,996                 | 1,002,667      |                 | 1,002,667     | (21,671)              |                         |               | 980,996       | 980,996        | (21,671)                                |
| Transfer to Capital 10/11                   | 256,584                 | 256,584                 | 247,880        |                 | 247,880       | 8,704                 |                         |               | 256,584       | 256,584        | 8,704                                   |
| Transfer to Capital 11/12                   | 337,814                 | 337,814                 | 337,814        |                 | 337,814       | -                     |                         |               | 337,814       | 337,814        | -                                       |
| Transfer to Capital 17/18                   | 2,000,000               | 2,000,000               | 1,627,108      | 286,586         | 1,913,694     | 86,306                |                         |               | 2,000,000     | 2,000,000      | 86,306                                  |
| Transfer to Capital 18/19                   | 2,000,000               | 2,000,000               | 319,442        | 1,450,385       | 1,769,827     | 230,173               |                         |               | 2,000,000     | 2,000,000      | 230,173                                 |
| Transfer to Capital 19/20                   |                         | 1,850,000               |                | 312,692         | 312,692       | 1,537,308             |                         |               | 1,850,000     | 1,850,000      | 1,537,308                               |
| EXCEL Projects                              | 16,993,003              | 16,993,003              | 16,634,471     |                 | 16,634,471    | 358,532               | 11,910,000              | 5,083,003     |               | 16,993,003     | 358,532                                 |
| QSCB  | 5,000,000               | 5,000,000               | 5,025,102      |                 | 5,025,102     | (25,102)              | 5,000,000               |               |               | 5,000,000      | (25,102)                                |
| Freeport HS- Steam Piping                   | 91,908                  | 91,908                  | 91,908         |                 | 91,908        | -                     |                         |               | 91,908        | 91,908         | -                                       |
| Capital Reserve 10/11                       | 1,500,001               | 1,500,001               | 1,477,476      | 16,651          | 1,494,127     | 5,874                 |                         |               | 1,500,001     | 1,500,001      | 5,874                                   |
| Capital Reserve 11/12                       | 1,900,000               | 1,900,000               | 1,769,576      | 14,579          | 1,784,155     | 115,845               |                         |               | 1,900,000     | 1,900,000      | 115,845                                 |
| Capital Reserve 12/13                       | 1,300,000               | 1,300,000               | 1,300,000      |                 | 1,300,000     | -                     |                         |               | 1,300,000     | 1,300,000      | -                                       |
| Capital Reserve 13/14                       | 1,200,000               | 1,200,000               | 1,200,000      |                 | 1,200,000     | -                     |                         | 1,200,000     |               | 1,200,000      | -                                       |
| Capital Reserve 14/15                       | 1,500,000               | 1,500,000               | 1,468,478      | 17,863          | 1,486,341     | 13,659                |                         | 1,500,000     |               | 1,500,000      | 13,659                                  |
| Capital Reserve 15/16                       | 1,500,000               | 1,500,000               | 1,500,369      | (369)           | 1,500,000     | -                     |                         |               | 1,500,000     | 1,500,000      | -                                       |
| Capital Reserve 17/18                       | 1,500,000               | 1,500,000               | 1,146,306      | 173,956         | 1,320,262     | 179,738               |                         |               | 1,500,000     | 1,500,000      | 179,738                                 |
| Capital Reserve 17/18                       | 2,500,000               | 2,500,000               | 43,092         | 2,440,816       | 2,483,908     | 16,092                |                         |               | 2,500,000     | 2,500,000      | 16,092                                  |
| Capital Reserve 18/19                       | 1,500,000               | 1,500,000               | -              |                 | -             | 1,500,000             |                         |               | 1,500,000     | 1,500,000      | 1,500,000                               |
| Capital Reserve 18/19                       | 2,500,000               | 2,500,000               | -              | 277,889         | 277,889       | 2,222,111             |                         |               | 2,500,000     | 2,500,000      | 2,222,111                               |
| Capital Reserve 19/20                       |                         | 2,500,000               | -              |                 | -             | 2,500,000             |                         |               | 2,500,000     | 2,500,000      | 2,500,000                               |
| Smart Schools Bond Act                      | 5,944,521               | 5,944,521               | 5,281,612      | 476,477         | 5,758,089     | 186,432               |                         | 5,944,521     |               | 5,944,521      | 186,432                                 |
| Energy Performance Contract                 |                         | 6,283,913               |                | 3,810,357       | 3,810,357     | 2,473,556             | 6,283,913               |               |               | 6,283,913      | 2,473,556                               |
|   | \$ 96,455,743           | \$107,089,656           | \$ 85,657,376  | \$ 9,277,882    | \$ 94,935,258 | \$ 12,154,398         | \$ 58,793,913           | \$ 11,027,524 | \$ 37,268,219 | \$ 107,089,656 | 12,154,398                              |

Unrealized state aid from Smart Schools Bond Act Transfer of unspent interfund transfer projects back to General Fund (217,377)Fund Balance

# FREEPORT UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets

June 30, 2020

| Capital assets, net                               | \$<br>94,180,905 |
|---|------------------|
| Deduct:   |                  |
| Short-term portion of bonds payable               | 2.800.000        |
| Long-term portion of bonds payable                | 10,495,000       |
| Less:   |                  |
| Unspent bond proceeds                             | (396,741)        |
|   | 4 000 050        |
| Short-term portion of energy performance contract | 1,003,973        |
| Long-term portion of energy performance contract  | 7,836,153        |
| Less:   |                  |
| Unspent energy performance contract proceeds      | (2,473,556)      |
|   | <br>19,264,829   |
|   |                  |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets                  | \$<br>74,916,076 |





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Freeport Union Free School District Freeport, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Freeport Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Freeport Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Freeport Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Freeport Union Free School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Freeport Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Education, Audit Committee and management of the Freeport Union Free School District in a separate letter dated September 30, 2020.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 30, 2020

Cullen & Danowski, LLP